

Year 12 Mathematics Methods Unit 3 & 4 Test 1 2021

Section 1 Calculator Free Applications of Differentiation & Anti-Differentiation

STUDENT'S NAME

DATE: Friday 5th March

TIME: 25 minutes

MARKS: 27

INSTRUCTIONS:

Standard Items: Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

1. (5 marks)

Determine the gradient function of the following. Do not simplify your answers.

(a) $y = x^3(x^4 + 3x)^7$

[3]

[2]

(b)
$$y = \frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2}$$

Determine:

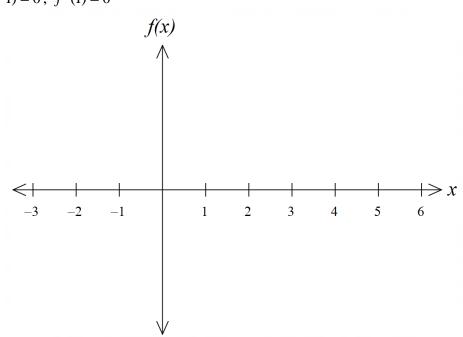
(a)
$$\int \frac{x^2 - 3x + 1}{x^4} dx$$
 [3]

(b)
$$\int \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{5x-6}} dx$$
 [2]

3. (4 marks)

Sketch a possible graph of the function with all the features described below.

- f(x) = 0 for x = 1 and x = 5
- f'(-1) = f'(3) = 0
- $f'(x) \le 0$ for x < -1 and -1 < x < 3
- f''(-1) = 0, f''(1) = 0



Determine the values of constants p and q given:

$$f(x) = px^{q}$$
 and $x^{2} \cdot f''(x) - 2x \cdot f'(x) - 3f(x) = 3x^{4}$

The curve $y = \frac{x^2}{a+bx}$ has a turning point at (-1, -0.5). If *a* and *b* are constants, determine the gradient of the tangent to the curve at $(1, \frac{1}{6})$.



Year 12 Mathematics Methods Unit 3 & 4 Test 1 2021

Section 2 Calculator Assumed Applications of Differentiation & Anti-Differentiation

STUDENT'S NAME

DATE: Friday 5th March

TIME: 25 minutes

MARKS: 24

INSTRUCTIONS:

Standard Items:Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraserSpecial Items:Three calculators, notes on one side of a single A4 page (these notes to be handed in with this assessment)

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

6. (4 marks)

On analysis of market conditions, a company finds that the profit function for production and sales (in \$) of its line of dishwashers is found to be:

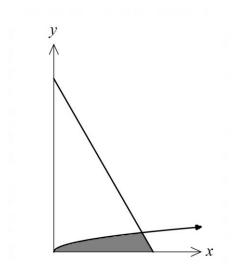
 $P(x) = 0.3x^2 - 2x - 500$ for $0 \le x \le 500$ where x is the number of dishwashers produced and sold.

(a) Explain the significance of
$$P'(\frac{10}{3}) = 0$$
 [1]

(b) Determine the marginal profit when 200 dishwashers are produced and sold and explain what this value represents.

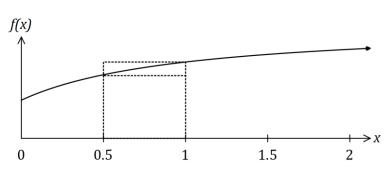
[3]

The diagram below shows the graph of the function $y = \sqrt{x}$ and the straight line y = -4x + 18. Determine the shaded area shown in the diagram.



A small metal sphere with a volume of 3.5 cm^3 is dipped in gold. The coating of the gold results in the volume of the sphere increasing to 3.84 cm^3 . Use the increase formula to approximate the increase in the radius of the sphere.

The graph of $f(x) = \frac{6x+2}{x+1}$ is shown below.



Two rectangles are also shown on the graph, with dotted lines, and they both have corners just touching the curve. The smaller is called the inscribed rectangle and the larger is called the circumscribed rectangle.

(a) Complete the missing values in the table below.

[1]

[4]

x	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
f(x)		10		22	14
		3		5	3

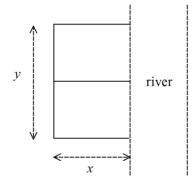
(b) Complete the table below and use the values to determine an underestimate and overestimate for the area of f(x) between 0 and 2.

<i>x</i> interval	0 to 0.5	0.5 to 1	1 to 1.5	1.5 to 2
Area of inscribed rectangle				
Area of circumscribed rectangle	$\frac{5}{3}$			

A farmer has \$1500 available to build an E-shaped fence along a straight river so as to create two identical rectangular pastures.

The materials for the side parallel to the river cost \$6 per metre and the materials for the three sides perpendicular to the river costs \$5 per metre.

Each of the sides perpendicular to the river is x metres long, and the side parallel to the river is y metres long.



(a) Assuming that the farmer spends the entire \$1500, show that the total area A(x) of the two pastures, in square metres, is $A(x) = \frac{5}{2}(100x - x^2)$. [2]

(b) Use calculus techniques to determine the dimensions of the fence that maximises the total area of the pastures and state this area. [4]